



A feeling of dullness, languor, and depression means that your liver isn't doing its part. That means impure blood, to begin with, and all kinds of ailments in the end.

But you can stop them in advance. Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery invigorates the liver, purifies and enriches the blood, and rouses every organ into healthy action. It prevents and cures all diseases arising from a torpid liver or from impure blood. Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Biliousness, Scrofulous, Skin and Scalp Diseases—even Consumption (or Lung-Scrofula), in its earlier stages, all yield to it.

The makers of the "Discovery" claim for it only what it will do. They guarantee that it will do it. If it fails to benefit or cure, in any case, they'll return the money. Nothing else that claims to purify the blood is sold in this way; which proves, no matter what dealers may offer, that nothing else can be "just as good." Therefore, don't accept a substitute.

Have You Tried It?
—IF NOT—
Try It Now!

Go to your Druggist, hand him one dollar, tell him you want a bottle of

PRICKLY ASH BITTERS

The BEST MEDICINE known for the CURE of
All Diseases of the Liver,
All Diseases of the Stomach,
All Diseases of the Bowels,
PURIFIES THE BLOOD,
CLEANSSES THE SYSTEM,
Restores Perfect Health.

"August Flower"

There is a gentleman at Malden-on-the-Hudson, N. Y., named Captain A. G. Pareis, who has written us a letter in which it is evident that he has made up his mind concerning some things, and this is what he says:

"I have used your preparation called August Flower in my family for seven or eight years. It is constantly in my house, and we consider it the best remedy for Indigestion, and Constipation we have ever used or known. My wife is troubled with Dyspepsia, and at times suffers very much after eating. The August Flower, however, relieves the difficulty. My wife frequently says to me when I am going to town, 'We are out of Constipation of August Flower, and I think you had better get another bottle.' I am also troubled with Indigestion, and whenever I am, I take one or two tea-spoonfuls before eating, for a day or two, and all trouble is removed."

Watch Out

Tower's Improved SLICKER

Is Guaranteed to Keep off Water, and Soften the Skin.

Soft Woolen Watch Out! Collar.

A. J. TOWER, MFR. BOSTON, MASS. CHICAGO.

GOOD NEWS FOR THE MILLIONS OF CONSUMERS OF

Tutt's Pills.

It gives Dr. Tutt pleasure to announce that he is now putting up a

TINY LIVER PILL

which is of exceedingly small size, yet retaining all the virtues of the larger ones. They are guaranteed purely vegetable. Both sizes of these pills are still in demand. The exact size of

TUTT'S TINY LIVER PILLS

is shown in the border of this "ad."

INDIAN DEPRECIATION

PENSION PATENTS

LAND HOMESTEAD POSTAL

CLAIMS

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If you have a claim of any description whatsoever against the United States Government, and wish it speedily adjusted, address

JOHN WEDDERBURN, Manager,
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HOME HINTS AND HELPS.

—A pound of sulphur burned in a tightly-closed room will destroy every living thing in it, from moths and bed-bugs to possible disease germs.

—For baked eggs warm a gill of milk, add one tablespoonful of butter, one tablespoonful of flour and six eggs, whites and yolks beaten separately, season with salt and bake in a quick oven for fifteen minutes.—N. Y. World.

—Little Folks' Loaf: To one-third of the bread dough add one tablespoon butter, one teaspoonful sugar, one teaspoonful of currants or any fruit to suit. When quite light, bake in medium oven thirty to forty minutes.—Christian Inquirer.

—North Carolina Cake: Two cups of sugar, four tablespoonfuls of butter, one cup of sweet cream, whites of eight eggs (beaten stiff), two teaspoonfuls extract of lemon, two cups of flour, two teaspoonfuls baking powder; mix and bake.—Detroit Free Press.

—Cream Walnuts: Take two pounds of white sugar, a leopon of water, and boil until it thickens. Flavor liberally with vanilla extract, and then take from the fire and stir until white and creamy. Have walnuts prepared; make the candy into small, round cakes, press walnuts into the sides, drop in granulated sugar and put aside to cool.—Ladies' Home Journal.

—German Compote of Apples: Peel and core whole apples. Fill the cavities with current jelly, place the apples in a pudding-dish, adding as much water as the dish will hold, without touching the filling. Add half a pound of sugar and the thin peel of half a lemon. Cover tightly and cook slowly till done. Remove the apples to a glass dish, boil down the syrup to a jelly, and pour it over.—Demorest's Magazine.

—Very nice salads may also be made of cold veal and lean pork. For the dressing, beat two eggs, add one teaspoonful of mustard, one of salt, two of sugar, one tablespoonful of butter, a small cupful of vinegar. Stand this in boiling water and stir till it thickens. If you have half a cupful of cream, sweet or sour, add that also. With the addition of a little celery, lean pork salad is quite as good as chicken or veal.—Horsekeeper.

—Delicious Sponge Cake: A delicious sponge cake is made with twelve eggs, a pound of sugar, half a pound of flour and the juice of a lemon. Beat the yolks of the eggs with the sugar and add the lemon juice. Beat the whites of the eggs to a stiff froth, and add them alternately with sifted flour. Beat the cake thoroughly with a whip. Do not attempt to use a patent beater for either the eggs or the batter of sponge cake, but use a sponge-cake whip. Pour the cake into square tins. Sift or dredge a little powdered sugar over it before putting it in the oven.—Boston Budget.

—Boulettes aux Fois de Veau: Mince two pounds of calves' liver as fine as possible, and a few slices of bacon or ham; stir into it a bunch of sweet herbs, finely chopped, a little pepper and salt, the yolk of one or two eggs, well beaten, and a cupful of cream. Put the whole, when well mixed together, into a stewpan; set it over the fire until it becomes firm, and then roll it into balls with your hands, which should be well covered with flour. Brush them over with the whites of the eggs, well beaten, then roll them in bread crumbs until they are nearly or quite covered, and fry them in boiling butter. Drain them in a sieve before the fire, and serve them on a folded napkin, or, if preferred, with piquant sauce poured around them when sent to the table, in a hot dish.—Boston Herald.

Full Dress Styles.

Most of the trained toilets for full dress the coming season are in princess style, the length of the train moderate, the usual skirt springs and other supporters replaced by the taffeta-silk petticoat, which shows a graceful, ingenious arrangement of plaited flounces at the back, skillfully grouped and adjusted with a view to supporting the train. The foundation skirt appears only at the back and is lined to the depth of three-quarters of a yard with very light-weight canvas. Then the plaited train which falls above this is lined either with feather-weight cotton flannel or cottonback moire silk, a material made expressly for lining skirts of handsome gowns. In other respects evening toilets show the same general details as other dresses, as in them also much emphasis is laid on picturesque collars and sleeves and fancy and elaborate corages. Medieval designs appear again upon gowns for special wear, the skirt falling straight and being lifted slightly on the left side with a rich chataine ornament of silver. The quaint style of dress also that is worn by Marguerite in "Faust" is copied almost literally for youthful, petite figures.—Chicago Post.

A Regular Subscriber.

A prominent New Yorker is going around with a subscription list to raise money to complete the Grant monument. He called on Mr. Portly Pompons, of Madison avenue, a local merchant prince.

"We are getting up a subscription to finish the Grant monument. Would you not like to subscribe?"

"Yes, that's a very good idea; I am very much in favor of it," replied Mr. Pompons.

"What will you subscribe?" asked the delighted canvasser.

"I'll subscribe myself 'Your most obedient servant, Portly Pompons,'" exclaimed the local merchant prince, seizing a pen.

Then the canvasser withdrew.—Texas Sittings.

A Bit of Information.

"Why didn't you go to work instead of leading the life of a tramp? Are you lazy?" she asked.

"Madam, if you had ever been a tramp," he replied, "you wouldn't ask that question. There is no harder work in the world than tramping, and, what's worse, there's no money in it."—Judge.

—The Massachusetts state branch of the International Order of King's Daughters has now 216 circles containing 4,996 members of the order, and enough independent members to make a total of 4,968. The youngest member is two months old; the oldest twenty-seven years.

—It is known that wasps' nests often take fire, supposed to be caused by the chemical action of the wax upon the paper material of the nest itself. This may account for many mysterious fires in barns and outbuildings.

FARMER AND PLANTER.

FEEDING STOCK.

The Value of Cotton Seed Hulls as Stock Food.

While cotton-seed hulls are admitted on all sides to be an excellent rough feed, I do not think they have yet been estimated high enough in comparison with hay or other provender.

Having fed large quantities for two years, I regard them as being worth more, pound for pound, than average Bermuda or other grass hay. I feed per day about eight to twelve pounds hulls, four pounds wheat-bran and four pounds cotton-seed meal, thoroughly mixed together, with very satisfactory results. This ration is very cheap, about ten cents per day, and the yield and quality of milk highly satisfactory. Hulls are much more easily handled than hay, and there is less waste in feeding, as the cows eat up the hulls very clean.

In the spring of 1890, about the time I thought there was getting to be abundant grass in pastures, my hulls gave out. The milk yield began to fall off so that I increased the bran and meal, but never did I, during the whole spring, get so good results as when I used hulls. So I consider hulls (fed in connection with bran and cotton-seed meal) equal to tolerably ample Bermuda pasture as a milk provender.

Having found them such an excellent food for cattle and knowing that cotton-seed meal is being fed to some extent to horses, I reasoned that hulls ought also to be good for horses. So I procured some corn meal, and by mixing with it a very small quantity of cotton-seed meal and hulls with bran and corn meal, succeeded in making them eat it. The quantity of hulls and meal was increased gradually until each animal consumed about three pounds of meal and considerable hulls.

The oil mills have started up again, and I will commence right away to feed hulls and meal to my horse stock. I never succeeded in getting them to eat hulls and meal without mixing with other food, and do not know why well-fed animals would be loath to do so or not. I will feed it as largely as I can. It will very much lessen the expense of horse-feeding. Eight cents a day in hulls and meal will keep a thousand-pound work-o'-fat. Why should it not do the same for a horse of the same weight? We find horses and oxen in their natural state eating the same kinds of food. What difference can exist between the digestive organs of the two animals, that one can thrive on a food unsuited to the other? I am sure that the horses and mules that work the cotton fields of the south will eventually be fed largely on cotton seed.

This writer can very well remember (having been raised on a cotton farm 32 miles from a railroad) when teams of oxen would haul loads of cotton away from the gin where hundreds of bushels of seed were rotting, and would have to pull in addition, enough \$1.50 corn to eat on the trip, and it might be that this very wagon would return loaded with western corn to feed the horses to make the next crop. Cotton seed was then thought to be unfit for oxen. That was economy with a vengeance, but we are doing very much the same thing now.

The south is paying literally millions of dollars for horses, mules, corn, meat, hay and other products of other sections, while the oil mills of the south are burning a million tons annually of the finest feed (c. s. hulls) for want of purchasers at \$2 to \$4 a ton, and that here in the land of cheap coal and wood.

Enough hulls burned, if fed to a good class of animals, to produce two hundred million pounds of beef, worth \$60,000,000; or, if mixed with a little more skill and made into butter, to produce \$12,000,000 worth. If made to take place of the hay, corn and oats purchased abroad, the saving would be enormous, probably \$20,000,000 at the prices prevailing at the present time.—W. C. Welborn, in Southern Farmer.

DIVERSIFIED INDUSTRIES.

A Prevailing Question that Has Two Sides to It.

The long continued depression in the prices of agricultural products has led to much discussion in regard to special or diversified crops, and which is the safest and most desirable for the average farmer, has given a large number of people an opportunity to air their theories, to argue the question from every possible standpoint, and to insist that every thing will go to ruin if the country does not adopt the particular plan which they propose. To those who have taken part in, or given this discussion much attention it would seem that the advocates of diversified farming were in the majority, or if they are not they have used the public prints to better advantage and have been more persistent and demonstrative in the advocacy of their remedy for public and private ills.

They insist that it is not right or proper for a farmer to concentrate his labor, time and capital upon a certain product, for if that crop should fail, he is ruined or greatly embarrassed to carry himself over to another crop, whilst if he had diversified his crops he, no doubt, would have succeeded with one or more, and thus had partial return for his time and labor. I have listened to a great deal that has been said by the advocates of diversified farming, as well as of diversified industries and pursuits of many of every kind. In theory it seemed most excellent, in fact, it is difficult to gain say the proposition, it seemed so reasonable and practical, that it appeared as if a farmer neglected his opportunity who failed to divide his acres among many crops, so that he was sure of having something, even though drought and freshets, frost or tornadoes should pass over the land.

Seeing this plan so strongly advocated, and the arguments in its favor so conclusive and just, I had expected it would be adopted by a large number of the more intelligent and practical farmers. "Diversified farming" seems to be popular and practical on paper, but somehow it does not seem so popular or practical on the farm. Most farmers who believe it to be the right and proper thing to do, are so unselfish that they are willing that their neighbors should do it, or rather show others how to do it, and so but little change has, in reality, been effected despite the argument, warning or persuasion that has so strongly and so constantly urged him to adopt this course.

This question, like all or many others, has two sides to it. Much indeed can be and has been said in favor of diversifying the crops upon the farm. Does

this mean in any particular section of upon each individual farm? If the first, I think it should be encouraged, but if the last I am not quite so sure. Is it not asking rather too much of the average farmer that he shall understand the cultivation of a dozen plants, roots or fruits, with the most of which he may be unfamiliar, having spent a good portion of his life in cultivating and studying the characteristics of a single one. A man possesses a large fund of agricultural knowledge who can plant and cultivate, gather and market a single crop successfully. Now to ask him to undertake the cultivation of a number, each differing, perhaps, widely from the other, requiring knowledge, skill and tools he may not possess, and unfitted, perhaps, often by situation, age or ability to acquire them. Does he not run a good deal of risk in abandoning the single crop with which he is so familiar, and with which he has been moderately successful, and in an effort to cultivate something else which may be "native to the manor born," but to which, perhaps, he has given very little thought or attention?

If we look out upon the world we will find that the man who is making a success in life is pursuing some specialty; if he labors with his hands he concentrates his efforts upon a single thing, and with skill and adaptation he is enabled to produce a better and cheaper article than those who combine the same industry with other manufactures. It is concentrated skill and thought and energy upon special things that has so multiplied and cheapened and bettered modern manufactures, and these in turn have been the most powerful factors that have increased the knowledge, lightened the burdens, and added to the comfort and pleasure of our mankind. And this is true of agriculture as of any other occupation. The system has everywhere been improved, the growth of plants has been scientifically studied, and their characteristics carefully noted, and all the knowledge thus gained has enabled men to intensify their efforts upon a single plant or crop, in such a way that whilst the price has no doubt been reduced they are enabled to produce it at a cost much less than ever before. Later complaint and kidney weakness. It is a superb appetizer.

Some of the Georgia editors are urging the citizens to establish paper mills. They want to work off their stock of manuscript poetry.—Atlanta Constitution.

The Grand Inquest of the Nation

Finds Hostetter's Stomach Bitters foremost among tonics. This verdict would not have been rendered had it not been perfectly consistent with facts. The medicine is a peerless restorer of declining strength, and unsurmountable check to premature decay. Besides being productive of these grand results, it overcomes dyspepsia, indigestion, flatulency, constipation, and kidney weakness. It is a superb appetizer.

These days men earn their living. In past days they turned their dead.—Baltimore American.

A CURSE FOR NEARLY ALL THE COMMON ILLS—WOMEN, DOCTORS! FAVOR! TAKE BEECHAM'S PILLS. For sale by all druggists.

OFFER HAND TO SUIT—TRUMPS—DRAKE'S MAGAZINE.

Too many eye-openers put a man asleep.—Texas Sittings.

Every thing gets round in a sewing circle.—Elmira Gazette.

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A whiff of fat-chiment—the love letter.—Washington Star.

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It never does any good to stir opinions that need fumigation.—Elmira Gazette.

Sixty cattle eat hay, it may be said that their dinner are served as a moved.

A two-foot rule—don't wear tight shoes.

It is the name of the printer that generally foists the bills.

A one-legged man always has a lame excuse for his shortcomings.

The billposter knows his place, and there he sticks.—Providence Telegram.

Tan coconut is one of the largest nuts, but we have seen a nutting grater.

The cigar is the only article of commerce not benefited by a puff.—Pittsburgh Dispatch.

"Struck down in his prime"—the young man with his first mistake.—Washington Star.

Offenders against the law are usually arrayed in breaches of the peace.—Lowell Courier.

—Jean Ingelow is now three-and-sixty, and is a profoundly religious-minded lady, with a handsome, kindly face, and iron-gray hair that is streaked with silver. She has never married, but has always been devoted in a marked degree to her mother, and while the latter lived the two dwelt together. She now bestows much of her time to works of charity, and among other benevolent acts is in the habit of giving to the poor—old and young—at regular intervals, what are known as "copyright dinners," from the proceeds of her own books.

A Gift to All Free.

TO INTRODUCE IT IS AMERICA, THE MEDICAL REFORM SOCIETY OF LONDON WILL SEND AN EXCELLENT REMEDY FREE OF CHARGE, to all who are bona fide sufferers from Chronic Kidney and Liver Diseases; Diabetes or Bright's Disease, or any discharges (Albuminuria) or derangements of the human body, also for Dropsy, Nervous Weakness, Exhaustion, Headache, Rheumatism, Sciatica, Dyspepsia, Loss of Memory, want of Brain Power. The discovery is a new, cheap and sure cure, the simplest remedy on earth, as found in the Valley of the Nile, Egypt. Send a self-addressed envelope at once, enclosing ten cents in stamps, to defray expenses, to Secretary, James Holland & Co., Bloomsbury Mansions, Bloomsbury Square, London, England.

If you have ever seen a company of machines on the retreat you have seen a naval squadron.

The Only One Ever Printed—Can You Find the Word?

There is a 3-inch display advertisement in this paper, this week, which has no two words alike except one word. The same is true of each new appearing each week from the Dr. Harker & Co. This house places a "Crescent" on everything they make and publish. Look for it, send them the name of the word, and they will return you back beautiful lithographs or samples free.

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Bohemian Hops and pale Minn. Barley make the extra flavor of the "A. B. C. Bohemian Bottled Beer" of St. Louis.

In these days men earn their living. In past days they turned their dead.—Baltimore American.

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A GREAT mistake perhaps was made when Dr. Sherman named his great remedy Prickly Ash Bitters; but it is presumed that at that time all remedies for the blood, etc., were called Bitters. Had he called it Prickly Ash "Regulator," "Curative," or almost anything but Bitters, it undoubtedly would have superseded all other preparations of similar character. The name Bitters is misleading; it is purely a medicine, and cannot be used as a beverage.

The difference between an editor and his wife is that his wife sets things to rights while he writes things to set.—Yonkers Statesman.

There is one remedy that has saved many a debilitated, blood poisoned mortal to a life of happy usefulness and robust health. It will save you if you will give it a trial. It is Dr. John Bull's Sarsaparilla. Any medicine dealer will supply you. You do yourself injustice if you fail to use it.

A TEXAS young lady is named Angelina Acid. Her best fellow speaks of her as his sour mash.—Memphis Journal.

HARSH purgative remedies are fast giving way to the gentle action and mild effects of Carter's Little Liver Pills. If you try them, they will certainly please you.

"Miss FRIVOL was a perfect witch at the seaside." "Hum! A sort of sandwich, eh?"—Baltimore American.

A SORE THROAT ON COUGH, if suffered to progress, often results in an incurable throat or lung trouble. "Dr. Carter's Little Liver Pills" give instant relief.

The pedestrian is a man who generally puts his whole sole in his work.—Baltimore American.

PLEASANT, Wholesome, Speedy, for coughs is Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar. Pike's Toothache Drops Cure in one minute.

HOWEVER other people may look down upon it, the chimney sweep's business just suits him.—Binghamton Republican.

NO REMEDY has saved so many sickly children's lives as Dr. Bull's Worm Destroyer. They never fall and children love them too.

The young graduate who takes up medicine finds it pleasanter than taking it down.—Yonkers Statesman.

ANYONE can take Carter's Little Liver Pills, they are so very simple. No trouble to swallow. No pain gripping after taking.

If life really were a poem, it is doubtful if anyone would be averse to it.—Detroit Free Press.

IN A DAY.

LAWRENCE, KANS., Aug. 9, 1888.

George Patterson fell from a second-story window, striking a fence. I found him using

ST. JACOBS OIL.

He used it freely all over his bruises. I saw him next morning at work. All the blue spots rapidly disappeared, leaving neither pain, scar nor swelling. C. K. NEUMANN, M.D.

"ALL RIGHT! ST. JACOBS OIL DID IT."

PETROLEUM VASELINE JELLY.

—AN INVARIABLE FAMILY REMEDY FOR Burns, Wounds, Sprains, Rheumatism, Skin Diseases, Hemorrhoids, Sun Burns, Chills, etc. Taken internally. Will cure Croup, Coughs, Colic, Sore Throat, etc.

PURE VASELINE (2-oz. bottle).....10 cts.
POMADE VASELINE (2-oz. bottle).....15 "
VASELINE COLD CREAM.....15 "
VASELINE CAMPHORICE.....10 "

FOR SALE EVERYWHERE AT ABOVE PRICES.

Be careful to accept only the genuine, put up and labeled by us, if you wish to receive value for your money. If any dealer offers you an imitation or adulterated article, please inform us at once.

CHESEBROUGH MANUFACTURING COMPANY.

WHO WILL BELL THE CAT?

The Siberian petition that is to be sent to the Czar from Philadelphia weighs several hundred pounds and when pasted together it will reach for two and a quarter miles. The question now is who is to deliver it? The best thing that could be done for the Czar and his people would be to send them REID'S GERMAN COUGH AND KIDNEY CURE. This great remedy is a certain and never failing cure for lung and throat troubles and in the present distress that is prevailing in Russia it is the thing that the people most need. For all maladies of the throat and lungs it never fails. It is a great remedy for children especially for those predisposed to croup. While it has no equal for aged people who suffer from pneumonia. For sale by all druggists.

SYLVAN REMEDY CO., Peoria, Ill.

Ladies can make BIG CASH

Profits by securing subscribers for the leading, best and best Ladies' Home and Family Magazine in America. A profitable and pleasant occupation, that any lady can engage in, and maintain her dignity. For full particulars send us your name and address on a postal card. If you want a full and complete copy, send us 25 cts. and we will send you 25 copies for 25 cts. etc., that you may know and appreciate its excellence. Always address

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ONE ENJOYS

Both the method and results when Syrup of Figs is taken; it is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acts gently yet promptly on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, cleanses the system effectually, dispels colds, head-aches and fevers and cures habitual constipation. Syrup of Figs is the only remedy of its kind ever produced, pleasing to the taste and acceptable to the stomach, prompt in its action and truly beneficial in its effects, prepared only from the most healthy and agreeable substances, its many excellent qualities commend it to all and have made it the most popular remedy known.

Syrup of Figs is for sale in 50c and \$1 bottles by all leading druggists. Any reliable druggist who may not have it on hand will procure it promptly for any one who wishes to try it. Do not accept any substitute.

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.
LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK, N.Y.

When there comes a rainy day think if there isn't some harness to mend; or some rack to nail up; or some weeds around the orchard or lot to move between showers; or a fork or rake to repair; or something you could do that would save worry and time when you come to use them some fair day. Don't be idle.

ELI'S CREAM BALM

is the best remedy for children suffering from

COLD IN HEAD

or

CATARRH

Apply Balm to each nostril.

ELI'S CREAM BALM

is the best remedy for children suffering from

ELI'S CREAM BALM

is the best remedy for children suffering from

IVORY SOAP

99⁴⁴/₁₀₀ Pure.

THE BEST FOR EVERY PURPOSE.

25 Years POULTRY YARD

For Poultry, 4th Edition. With over five years' experience, Dr. J. C. Evans has prepared a complete, plain, practical system of poultry raising, from the selection of the fowls to the management of their diseases and their treatment. How to make the Eggs, Chicks, Poultry and Poultry Yards need not have. Price 25 cts. per copy. Send for a FREE CATALOGUE. Write to J. C. EVANS, 1110 E. 12th St., St. Louis, Mo.

GRATEFUL, COMFORTING, EPPS'S COCOA BREAKFAST.